# LIVELY BOARD MEETINGS.

COMMISSIONER WALES FREES HIS MIND. A LONG AND INTERESTING SESSION OF THE PARK

DEPARTMENT. Commissioner Wales, at the session of the Park Board yesterday, took up the charges of Gen-eral Vicle, and stated that they had no foundation in bet. Subsequently he said that the disorganized condition of the Park Department was due to Democratic clitics, and threw the responsibility of this upon his concernic colleagues by offering to vote for any one of mem for president or treasurer-except General Viele. matter and the discussion over Mr. Isaacs's goats made a long and interesting session. General was not present, being at Albany on business.

After the appointment of Louis A. Risse as Superin-bandent of Parks of the annexed district—he has been acting Superintendent for two years—and the postponeent of an increase of his salary out of compliment to General Vicle, Mr. Wales offered this resolution: "That the absence of a president and treasurer any Com-missioner is authorized to sign requisitions and orders for supplies." Mr. Olliffe immediately moved as an amendment that the name of Mr. Crimmins be substituted for his own on the Auditing Committee. Mr. Crimmins protested that no action be taken in the absence of General Viele. Mr. Wales rejoined promptly:

Sence of General Viele. Mr. Wales rejoined promptly:
I understood from General Viele's resolution last week
that he could find out nothing about this business, and
that he charged that Mr. Olliffe and myself were actually
running this Department. I made up my mind as soon
as I got into a calm state of mind that I wished to be reHeved from any such charge. Mr. Crimmins is incorrect in not wishing to relieve us from such a serious
charge, that we are certifying to our own financial
affairs. This matter ought not to go over a day. I ask
Mr. Crimmins as a personal favor to take myself or Mr.
Olliffe off the Anditing Committee, to relieve our transactions of any evil suspicion of wrong-doing.

Mr. Crimmins again urged that nothing be done in General Viele's absence. Mr. Wales insisted that there should be no delay, and Mr. Olliffe nodded decided as-Mr. Crimmins said that he had no reason to doubt that everything in the accounts was all right. He had looked them over and found them correct.

Mr. Wales-You have done this in the kindest way possible, and so I wish you on the committee with me. You and I. I think, can audit the accounts amicably.

Mr. Crimmins-Why not take General Viele ! Mr. Olliffe-He spends no time here, and you do. mins, as Mr. Ollide declines to act. The amendment was lost, Mr. Crimmins voting no.

TAKING UP GENERAL VIELE'S CHARGES. Mr. Wales moved to reconsider, and then took up Gen-eral Viele's charges relative to the Auditing Committee. For special reasons, Mr. Wales said, the signing of requisitions had been given to one Commissioner, Mr. MacLean favoring this. [The reason forthis, as afterward learned, was that Messrs MacLean, Olliffe and Wales thought Mr. Lane so unfit for the post that he cught to have nothing to do with this part of the Com-

and three votes being necessary to adopt it.

missioners' duties. ] Mr. Wales refused to act longer under the old resolution, and added: "I refuse to preent the bills. There is now no Auditing Committee. Mr. Crimmuns thought there should be one, as there were bills to be passed on. Could there not be a special meeting on Saturday, when General Viele would be present i Mr. Wales replied that bills must be passed at the next meeting, but he proposed to be bound no longer to "this The bills of the day were then passed and Mr. Wales

thereupon took up the report of General Viele on the charges of George Miller, the carpenter, that property of the Department had been improperly used. "I moved that this matter be referred to General Viele," Mr. Wales explained, because Mr. Olliffe and myself had nothing to cover up. I see by one of the newspapers that General Viele wonders that it was handed over to him when he knew nothing about it. That's just the reason. We want him to investigate and satisfy him-He has secured testimony, but has made no recomendations. The charges affect the character and good conduct of the property clerk and of others. It appears that the property of this Department has been peculiarly handled, and this requires investigation I want all the parties summoned here, and the accused to appear by counsel. If the testimony obtained by General Viele cannot be refuted, then the Grand Jury should be called in. Some of those accused assure me of their innocence. General Viele has given them no chance to seen the charges. I believe some of those charges will be disproved, so as to make it very uncomfortable for those who make them. I am surprised that the property of this Department has been handled as it has. Mr Chairman, the Department is demoralized, and all this delay is adding to it. I wish to examine this condition of things at once. All the tren charged should be here. It is a ring, a little ring has been formed up there. One man can't form a ring; it takes—well, I should say it would take three to make a ring, and we want them all here.

Mr. Crimmins—in open session if Mr. Crimmins—in open session if Mr. Crimmins—in proceeding. good conduct of the property clerk and of others. It

Mr. Crimmins—I hardly think it would be just to those

Wales-Some of these people deny the charges, and I want them to say it under onth. I won't go on unless this is public. In December, 1880, I moved to open our sessions to the public because I had heard that table-throwing inkstands and little things like that-that I thought it better. I did not know then what kind of a contract I was undertaking. The result is we have had what the newspapers call a bear-garden and a museum combined. The executive sessions are useless; the

what the newspapers call a hear-garden and a museum combined. The executive sessions are useless; the newspapers publish a full account of them. I want this thing settied. I move that when we adjourn it be until Friday at 10 a. m.

The motion prevailed, and Mr. Wales continued: "I am a little embarrassed this morning, in view of General Viele's absence, over matters presented by him a week ag and in the newspapers on the subsequent day. I was mortified, after two years of anpleasantness, to see no better prospect. I am glad to welcome Mr. Crimmins here. I hoped we would have a happy family, yet I was surprised at the manner in which this Department was treated. We had the law read to us, and it seemed like the funnderings of Mount Suail. I was taken aback. Since then I have been making an investigation. I infended this morning, in the kindest spirit and only in a tome of justification, to say that nearly every statement, direct and by innuendo, made by General Viele, had no foundation in fact and no justification. Yielding to Commissioner Crimmins's request not to take up the matter until General Viele returns. I will go no further now—unless it be to follow General Viele's example and give it to the press afterward. Regarding the horses and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, the statement is not true by a great deal. How unkind and unnecessary for a Commissioner to make such charges! Instead of twenty-two quarts of graft a day being fed to horses, the very highest is thirteen, as the documents show. Somebody has committed a blunder. This is a two-edged sword. In time Commissioner Viele will become so incorporated into this body that any charges made will be felt by all. An organization of this Board is necessary. We have drifted along since January I, and the responsibility for this should be settled. It has been said that Commissioner Wales will have no one but himself as president. I have offered to vote for two Democrats—Mr. Oiliffe for president and Mr. Crimmins to treasurer. If have not

It was moved to adjourn, when John B. Haskin appeared to urge a new central bridge over the Harlen worthy of London Bridge," and then the question whether or not Isider Isaacs should remove his goats from the Central Park stables was discussed at length and referred to Mr. Ollifle. The Board thereupon adjourned Mr. Wales expressing the desire for a rull investigation on Friday, "with music from a brass band."

WRANGLING AT CASTLE GARDEN? THE EMIGRATION COMMISSIONERS INDULGE IN MUTUAL RECRIMINATION - APPOINTMENTS -BIDS FOR PRIVILEGES. The meeting of the Board of Emigration

Commissioners yesterday at Castle Garden proved to be one of the stormiest ever held. Criminations and recriminations, seewls and threats were indulged in freely. Mayor Edson was present for the first time, but did not come in until the bad feeling became partly exhausted, and he went away before the meeting adjourned. The others present were Commissioners Huribut, Starr, Ulrich, Stephenson, Taintot, Forrest, Lynch and Hauselt. War began as soon as it was voted to transfer Dr. Lewis Schultz from Ward's Island to Castle Gardon, at a as an additional consulting surgeon at Ward's Island. missioner Starr objected, as 15 would make necessary the purchase of some very expensive instruments and because he thought the appointment was unneces-sary. Commissioner Stephenson said that Dr. Stillman "might be a smart young man," but being junior to others he feared his appointment would create more discord rather than parmony. Commissioner Ulrich suggested that some other motive was the cans the opposition. In suggesting the modi-tion of the rules so as to permit the appointment of an additional consulting surgeon he expressed regret that there was not more generosity oon sense in the Board. Commissioner Stephe son called Mr. Ulrich to order, when the latter retorted: "I do not propose to be choked off or muzzled by Mr President or anybody else. This thing has gone on long

OBJECTING TO CRITICISM. The President-You have no right to criticise any member of this Board. You said we were devoid of

enough. I don't ask any favor."

sommon sense.

Mr. Uirich-I still think so, and many people agree with me. The members of the Board suddenly and mysteriously have become rigid constructionists and have done things that have placed them in a very un-

pleasant position. I am not surprised that the Legisla ure is trying every year to get rid of the Board, for the members behave at nearly every meeting in a manner

that is disgraceful. Mr. Ulrich then presented the name of Dr. Oswald Joers, of Germany, for physician-in-chief at Ward's Island. The nomination was rejected. Mr. Ulrich ex-pressed surprise. He said he supposed that Mr. Stephenson's strenuous opposition was due to the probability that "Mr. Stephenson and the Home Bank had consoli-

Mr. Stephenson (rising excitedly to his feet and shak ing his fist at Mr. Ulrich)—I object to this, Mr. President. He has no right to drag in my personal affairs. He must keep his mouth shut or I'll do it for

Mr. Ulrich-You'll have a larger contract on you hands than you can carry out!

Mr. Stephenson-Well, you must not talk so about me, or I'll settle your hash. You're a contemptible old skunk, that's what you are! Mr. Ulrich-Mr. Stephenson opposes Dr. Joerg, a well-

known specialist, simply because he is a German.

Mr. Stephenson (rising to his feet and plaring contemptuously at Mr. Ulrich)—I say that you are a liar when you say that! I said that I opposed Dr. Joerg be-

cause he was not a citizen. Mr. Ulrich-(returning Mr. Stephenson's glare, with his hands thrust in his pockets)-Well, I accept that, and should have done so before had be given the explanation that he used the words " not a citizen."

In the debate, which waxed warm, Mr. Stephenson frequently used the words "German" and "citi-zen," and his meaning became somewhat mixed. Mayor Edson entered at this point and was warmly greeted. Mr. Ulrich argued that Dr. Joerg should not e rejected and Dr. Thomas appointed, when the president called him to order.

Mr. Ulrich-I think the interference by the president, who knows less of Ward's Island from personal inspection than any other member of the Board, is rather

for physician-in-chief who is not a citizen of the United States. Dr. Joerg is a man who only on February 23 declared his intention to become a citizen. I proclaim it from the housetops that I will not vote for a man who has just come among us and knows nothing about our institutions.

Institutions.

Mayor Edson asked to be excused from voting. He added that he was well acquainted with Dr. Thomas and thought very highly of him.

Dr. Thomas was then elected. Dr. Thatcher was appointed house-surgeon at Ward's Island.

SEEKING TO AMEND THE IMMIGRATION LAW. Mr. Ulrich offered a resolution requesting the Legislature to smend the immigration law so as to reduce the time for caring for sick and destitute immigrants to less than five years after their arrival. Mr. Stephenson moved to amend the resolution so as to ask the Legislature to provide for the appointment of new commis-stoners as soon as possible. Mr. Lynch moved to lay the whole matter on the table, which was defeated. Mr. Stephenson said he was in favor of a single-headed commission, as he believed it would inure to the benefit of

mission, as he believed it would inure to the benefit of the immigrant. The present Board was too large. He had no doubt but that one man of executive saidity could conduct its affairs better than is done now. This he thought was proven from the fact that Mr. Jackson, the secretary, now ran the Commission.

Mr. Starr—Certain loboyists have gone to Albany to defeat the bill. They pretend to represent this Board. I want to stamp this false position in which we are placed. Mr. Uirco—I demand to know who it is.

Mr. Starr—To be as respectful as I can, it is none of your business. I do not say this in an offensive spirit.

Mr. steehenson's amendment was lost, and Mr Uirich's notion was carried, Mr. Forrest nione voting against it. The next resolution, that no representative of a transportation line not represented in the Joint Azenev should be permitted to handle Castle Garden bargage, was followed by a protracted discussion. The resolution was adopted.

BIDDING FOR PRIVILEGES.

When the blds for the privileges at Castle Garden were about to be opened Mr. Forrest objected because the Board was in a transition state, and he did not want to namper new members by contracts to run beyond the existence of the present Board. Mr. Lynch also objected. It was decided, however, by a vote of 5 to 3, to open the

Scully & Davitt, who now pay \$75 a month rental for scully & Daviti, who now pay \$4.5 x month features the privilege of exchanging money at Castle Garden, in a communication declined to offer any advance, saying that their business was of great benefit and saving to the humigrant, and that no rental should be enarged. Although they had lost \$300 in the last four menths, they asked that they be privileged to continue at the present contract. Hagen & Billing, also money-changers, declined to make an offer of any advance on the present rental, and represented their losses as \$115 in four months.

Where's the broker, Julius Molter, who testified to

months.

"Where's the broker, Julius Molter, who testified to the Senate Committee that he would give \$5,000 a year for the privilege I' asked Mr. Stephenson.

"He has entered no bid," was the response.

Congressman-elect Nicholas Muller effered to pay \$1,200 a year for the privilege of selling tickets to points not covered by the trunk lines. Murray & Nugent, the present contractors, offered \$1,200 a year for the privilege of selling refreshments at the present schedule prices. Brady & Durival offered \$1,500 a year more than Murray & Nugent, for the privilege. James fitting seffered \$4,501 a year, in addition. James Dalton, \$8,000; Bernard F. Bryan, \$6,300; Locwy & Bryan, \$5,000; L. Waiters, \$50; Oscar Graeber, \$1,300; and \$1,000; Milliam Graeser, \$300. For the bazage express privileges, for which hernard Biglin pays \$100 a month rental, John Woods offered a premium of \$2,500 a year; J. sianley, \$5,000 a year; Alexander McD. hald, \$3,000; the New York Transfer Company, \$6,120, and Berna d Biglin, \$800 more than he now pays. The bids were referred to the Castle Garden Committee to report upon.

PROVING THE CORRECTNESS OF THE REPORT. After the adjournment several of the bid-ders for privileges at Castle Garden, including Bernard Biglin, gathered in the Board-room to learn the result of the bids. Commissioner Stephenson and Mr. Bigliu questioned the correctness of the statement published in THE TRIBUNE, that one of the Commissioners said that he was tired of having the Biglins and the O'Briens representing the Board in consul-

lius and the O Briens Proceedings and at Albany upon matters connected with the commission.

Both Mr. Stephenson and Ar. Biglin became much excited, and offered to bet eigars and suits of clothes, and various other times, that no Commissioner could be found who would admit having made such a statement. They were confounded and creatfallen when The Trip Trip were confounded and creatfallen when The Trip Trip and he trankly admitted having made such a statement, and added that he would stand by it.

CONVINCAD OF HIS WIFE'S DUPLICITY.

Philip Glas sold all of his worldly possessions in Ch cago two weeks ago and handes the proceeds to his wife, with the understanding that they and their two children should return to Germany and their two children should return to Germany and live in comfort during the remainder of their days. He then started for St. Louis and was to be followed by his wite and oblidien two days afterward, and they were to meet at Castle Garden on Wednesday of last week. Glas has been to Castle Garden duly since then, and has learned from chicago that his family left there at the time agreed upon. The husband feels discouraged because the agreement has not been fully carried out by Mrs. Glas, especially as she is the treasurer of the family. He feels satisfied that she has transferred her affections to a rival, but wishes that she would transmit to him his share of the money which she has.

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL INSTITUTE.

At the fourth session of the Presbyterian Sunday. At the fourth session of the Presbyterian Sunday-School Institute on Tuesday a class of lifteen children was instructed by Kate E. Seymour by illustr dons on the blackboard. Miss Hattie M. Morris taught a class after the manner indicated by Christ in the Seromn on the Mount, and Elliott F. Shepard urged that there should be a teachers' meeting in every Sunday-school for the interenange of thought and methods of teaching. The R. v. Dr. Worden reviewed the International Sunday-school lessons of the next three months. In the evening the Rev. Dr. J. M. Worrali addressed the Institute on the "Preparation of the Teacher." The Rev. Dr. C. S. Robinson and the Rev. Dr. Ormiston also made remarks.

## A NEW CLOCK IN FOURTEENTH-ST.

In the whole length of Fourteenth-st. there has been, heretofore, no sidewalk clock, so tuat the immense throng which daily rushes along that thoroughfare had no reminder of the flight of time. The result has been that ladies out shopping got home late to dinhas been that ladies out shopping got home late to dinner, or missed their luncheou, and there was general
confusion, all on account of the want of a clock. Taking
pity on the women, the Meriden Silver Plate Company
has erected in front of its store at No. 30 East Fourteenth-st a clock twenty-six feet high, with a dial four
and a half feet in diameter. The clock rests on double
fron commus, and was made by the E. Howard Waten
and Clock Company, of Boston. The works are very
finely constructed, and standard time can always be had
for the looking.

TALK ABOUT CONEY ISLAND PROPERTY.

A report was printed in Brooklyn on Tuesday to the effect that J. H. Breslin, of the Gilsey House, had secured a lease for this summer of the Manhattan Beach and Oriental Hotels at Concy Island.

hattan Beach and Oriental Hotels at Concy Island.
Mr. Breshn said last night to a Tribuna reporter that
there was no truth in the statement. He said he had not
yet decided whether he would go into the summer
hotel business this year or not.
Gordon L. Ford, president of the Brooklyn, Fiatbush
and Concy Island Railroad Company, said last evouing
to a TRIBUNE reporter that so far as he knew there was
not the slightest foundation for the reports that Austin
Corbin was endeavoring to secure control of the stock of
the company. Mr. Ford said that the recent storm had
not done \$5 worth of damage to the hotel at Righton
Beach. The bathing payillon had been only slightly
injured, and would now be moved further back.

This conversation was overheard in a local

### THE COURTS.

CONTRADICTED BY MR. NEVILLE.

CLOSE OF THE TESTIMONY IN HIS SUIT AGAINST THE FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL PEOPLE. Several witnesses on the part of the defendants in the action brought by Matthew F. Neville against the proprietors of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, to recover \$50,000 damages for an alleged assault and in-juries received by him when he was ejected from the hotel last June, were examined yesterday. The first was Isaac Dannenburg. About 10 o'clock in the evening of Jane 1, he said, he went into the Fifth Avenue hotel by the Twenty-fourth-st. entrance. As he went in he noticed a large man leading another man by the arm. The two were going in the direction of the street The man who was being led spoke of the hotel in terms which indicated that he did not at the momen think well of its character.

Michael Gilday was recalled and testified that he undressed Mr. Wilson and put him to bed after his guest had gone away on the evening in question. Mr. Choate then put in evidence the record of a pro

ceeding in a police court in which Mr. Neville was fined

\$10 for disorderly conduct at the Astor House. Hiram Hitchcock, one of the proprietors of the hotel, estified that there were 500 guests in the house on the night of June 1. The hotel contained 440 rooms. The witness said that he had had thirty years' experience in the business of keeping hotels, and he declared that the rules of the Fifth Arenue Hotel were reasonable and proper. One of these rules was that women should not be allowed in men's bedrooms. On the next day after the trouble with Mr. Neville the latter served the witness with a summons in a suit which he said he had begun be-

cause he had been ejected from the hotel. He made no mention of any physical injuries which he had sustained. This closed the case for the defence, and several witnesses were then called for Mr. Neville to testify in re-buttal. John Stewart said that he was a coachman. He drove the carriage containing Mr. Neville and his party to the Fifth Avenue Hotel on the evening of June 1. Mr. Neville, the witness said, was not under the influence of liquor. When the party went into the hotel the witness drove to a saloon. In about half an hour he drove back to the hotel. Soon he saw Mr. Pryor thrust Mr. Neville out into the street. Mr. Neville did not fail drove back to the hotel. Soon he saw Mr. Pryor thrust Mr. Neville out into the street. Mr. Neville did not fail down, as had been said. He walked to the carriage and got into it. The ladies a few minutes later came out got into it. The ladies a few minutes later came out and also entered the carriage. All in the party were

On cross-examination the witness said that when Mr. Neville was put out of the hotel he did not seem to be hurt in any way. He was then compelled by Mr. Neville's counsel to confess that he could not see through Mr. Neville's coat so as to be able to say that his arm was not bruised and blackened.

Mr. Neville next took the stand again and denied the truth of a good deal of the testimony on the other side which was unfavorable to him. He said he had never used the indecent and vulgar language which had been put in his mouth by several witnesses. He also said that he doorkeeper was slient about any rules of the hotel in regard to admitting ladies by the Twentyfourth-st. entrance. He was himself ignorant of any such rule. Mr. Choate called Mr. Neville's attention to the fact that he had within the brief space of four minutes contradicted the sworn testimony of eight different Mr. Neville said that he persisted in doing so.

Miss Gile, Mr. Neville's sister-in-law, said that when Mr. Neville was taken from Mr. Wilson's room by Mr. Pryor, the door was left open, so that she could easily have heard the vile language which Mr. Pryor had charged the plaintiff with using had he used it. She heard nothing of the kind. She also said that it was not true that Mr Wilson's clothes were disarranged, nor true that Mr Wilson's clothes were disarranged, nor was it true that he was sitting on the bed when Mr. Pryor entered the room. Mrs. Dougherty, Mr. Neville's sister, also declared that she heard no improper word proceed from the mouth of her brother while he was being rudsly drugged away from her society by Mr. Pryor, nor did she hear him make any remark disrespectful to the hotel.

John M. Reilly said he had been hired to watch the entrance on Twenty-fourth-st. to the hotel. One day between 4 o'clock in the afternoon and 10 o'clock in the evening he had seen fifty-four women, some of them accompanied by men, go in and out of the hotel by this entrance,

Mr. Hitchcock was then recalted by Mr. Choate and said that he had about 150 women employed in the hotel. These women aiways left and entered the hotel by the Twenty-fourth-st, entrance. The counsel in the case will sum up to the jury to-day.

THE EXPULSION OF W. J. HUTCHINSON. SHALL MR. LAWRENCE DISCLOSE THE PROCEEDINGS

OF THE GOVERNING COMMITTEE! In the suit of William J. Hutchinson against F. N. Lawrence, individually and as president of the New York Stock Exchange, to have the plaintiff's expulsion 'rom the Excoungs declared illegal and for expalsion from the Excange declared literal and for damages, the question of the admissibility of certain questions put to Mr. Lawrence on his recent examina-tion as a witness before trial was argued yesterday be-fore Justice Lawrence, in the Supreme Court, Chambers. Joseph H. Choate, for Mr. Hutchinson, said that Mr. Lawrence on his examination had substantially refused to answer every material question put to him. In obedience to a subpœna Mr. I awrence had produced the record of the proceedings of the Governing Committee which resulted in Mr. Hutchinson's expulsion, but he had refused to allow an inspection of the record or to look at it himself so as to refresh his memory in regard to its contents. The few answers which Mr. Lawrence Mr. Hutchinson from the Exchange was a much more high-handed and unwarrantable act than had been supposed. If the proceedings of the Governing Committee has been conducted by a judge, they would render him liable to impeachment for the grossest misconduct in office. There were only two sessions. The first was entirely taken up with the reading of Mr. Hutchinson's answer to the charges against him. On the next day, in answer to the charges against him. On the next day, in the absence of Mr. Hutchinson, a little evidence was taken, and then a vote of expulsion was passed. Mr. Lawrence had refused to say what this evidence was. He also refused to give the names of the persons who voted or to say whether or not they were me abers of the Governing Committee, or what the particular charges were of which Mr. Hutchinson was found guity. The evidence in regard to Mr. Hutchinson which had been taken before a sub-committee of the Exchange was not read before a sub-committee of the Exchange was not read before the Governing Committee at any time during the trial. It was filed in Mr. Lawrence's office and members were told that they might go and send as much or as little of it as they chose. It did not appear that they had ever read any of it. This sort of a thing was like teling a jury to go, if they wished, and read the evidence filed in the County Clerk's office, instead of taking the evidence before the jury. Mr. Choate declared that the proceedings against Mr. Hutchinson were fraunilant, and that he had a right to know who the persons were who had Johned in depriving him of a property-right worth \$30,000.

James C. Carter, for the defendant, said that if all that Mr. Choate had charged was true, there was no need for any further examination of Mr. Lawrence, as the plaintiff had hit the information which he needed to frame his complaint. This, however, was not the time to discuss the rightfulness of Mr. Hutchinson's expalsion from the Exchange of the Books of the Governing Committee, if would be impossible to maintain discipline in the Exchange if the proceedings of the Governing Committee were made public. Mr. Lawrence was willing to state the number of persons who voted for Mr. Hutchinson's expulsion from the Exchange if the proceedings of the Governing Committee were made public. Mr. Lawrence was willing to state the number of persons who voted for Mr. the absence of Mr. Hutchinson, a little evidence was

Hatchinson's expansion, but not the names of sate persons.

Justice Lawrence said he would pass upon the admissibility of all the questions submittle 16 him before June 21, and that the examination should stand adjourned until that day. The examination hereafter, it is said will take place before the Court.

THE JUDGMENT IN THE FLEMING SUIT. Owing to the illness of General B. F. Tracy, the counsel for the defence, the argument upon the motion for a new trial in the suit of Miss Mary Alice Almont Livingston against Henry Fleming for \$75,000 as damages for a broach of promise of marriage was again adjourned in the Kings County Supreme Court resterday. Miss Livingston has secured a verdict for the ruli amount of damages elsimed. Her counsel asked the full amount of damages busined. Her counset assets yesterday to have the judgment entered. The defendant had gone to Europe for als health, a d in case of his death the plaintiff could not collect the verticit unless judgment was entered. Judge Fratt then granted an order allowing the plaintiff's judgment to be entered without prejudice to the motion of the defendant for a new trial, provided the plaintiff filed security and granted tive per cent extra allowance on \$40,000, which is all the code allows.

COURT CALENDARS—MARCH 15.

SUPERME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Lawrence, J.—Calendar called at 11 a. m.—Nos. 18, 85, 91, 112, 118, 126, 132, 144, 204, 206, 212, 230, 250, 253.

SUPERME COURT—GENERAL TERM—Held by Davis, P. J., Brady and Daviele, J.J.—Nos. 85, 145, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 155, 157, 92, 100, 110, 112, 116, 124, 120, 158, 91, 83, 120, 144, 95, 107, 141.

SUPERME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Larremore, J.—Case ou. No day calendar.

SUPERME COURT—INCUIT—PART I—Held by Donohue, J.—Nos. 2293, 2167, 2854, 1958, 2595, 2595, 2613, 1954, 4052, 1053, 1066, 1029, 1042, 2425, 2429, 2628, 5630, 2160, 2339, 2591, 2032, 1847, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2649, 2041, 2643, 2644, 2646, 2647, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2650, 2644, 2644, 2645, 2647, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2650.

PART II—Held by Barrett, J.—Case on. No day calendars. PART II.—Held by Barrett, J.—Coale oli. No day Catedor.
PART III.—Held by Van Vorst, J.—Nos. 1133, 1453, 3840, 1622, 2461, 2493, 2522, 2523, 2525, 1263, 3910, 1458, 1182, 2400, 2421.
SUBBOGATE'S COURT—Held by Bollins, S.—Contested will of Philip Stein at 11 z. m. Contested will of Funis Cooper at 1 p. m. Motion calcudar called at 11 a. m. Superior Court—drakeal. Fram—Held by Sedgwick, C. J., O'dorman and Ingraham, JJ.—Nos. 21, 41.
SUBERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Tinax, J.—Calendar called at 11 a. m.—Nos. 21, 27, 28, 45, 49, 53, 60–12, 45.

COURT CALENDARS-MARCH 15.

8. SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I—Held by Preedman, J.—Nos. 663, 664, 365, 174, 281, 366, 718, 760, 539, 666, 443, 1078, 634, 656, 661, COMMON PLEAS—GENERAL TERM—Held by Van Bront, P. J., J. F. Daly and Van Hoegen, J.J.—Nos. 37, 72, 64. COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Beach, J.—Calendar called at 11 s. m.—No. 3.

COMMON PLEAS. TRIAL TREM-PART I-Held by C. P. Daly,

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT. WASHINGTON, March 14 .- The following busi-

es was transacted in the Supreme Court of the United States to-day:

No. 863—William C. Walsh, Commissioner, etc., appellant, agt. William Preston, and.

No. 864—William Preston, appellant, agt. William C. Walsh, Commissioner, etc., —Argument concluded.

No. 174—The St. Paul, and Chicago Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, agt. Sambel McLeum—Argued in error.

No. 178—The United States, plaintiff in error, agt. Frank and Howard Phelips—Argued for the plaintiff in error. No further argument desired by the Courientiff in error. No 181—Phillips County, plaintiff in error, agt. Francis B. Leomis, and Phillips County, plaintiff in error, agt. Matthews and Whittaker: in error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Arkansa—Dismissed with costs, on anthority of counsel for plaintiff in error.

No. 152—John A. Elliott, appellant, agt. George A. Sackett and others—Argument begun.

Adjourned until to-morrew at 12 o'clock.

THE COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, March 14 .- In the Court of Appeals to-day-present, the Hon. William C. Ruger, C. J., and associates-the following business was transacted: No. 86-Stephen Cutler and others, executors, etc., appellants, agt. tue Mayor, etc., of New-York, respondents-

Argued.

No. 83—John Whitmere and others, appellants, agt. Thomas
E. Patterson and others, executors, respondents—Argued.

No. 84—Charles Finkelheimer and others, executors, etc.,
respondents, agt. Hester Bates and others, appellants—Arrespondents, agt. Hester Bates and others, appenants—argued.
No. 72—William B. Mills, administrator, etc., agt. Francis R. Hoffman respondent—Argued. No. 64—Anthony Beeht, administrator, etc., respondent, agt. Austin Corbin, receiver, etc., appeliant—Argued. The following is the day calendar for to-morrow: Nos. 89, 90, 91, 134, 99, 100, 101, 102.

#### MINES AND MINING.

WEDNESDAY, March 14-P. M. Business in mining stocks shows no improvement -rather the reverse. Sierra Grande, with only a moderate amount of business to-day, is down 5 cents to 2.75. Chrysolite was dull but steady at 1.40@1.35, and Robinson consolidated closed 1 cent lower at 85 cents. La Crosse was more than usually

	-ACTUAL SALES				BHARRS	BOLD
Names.	Open	High ost.	Low-	Final	Am. El.	N. Y Ex.
Alice	3.00	3,00				50
Amie	.21	.21	21	21	****	700
Bassick	9.50	10,00	9,50	10,00		4.00
Rodin	.20	.90	.90	.130		300
Bye-and-Rye	112	02	.02	.12	100	5-WW.
Chrysolita		1.40	1.35	1.35	100	1,300
Con. Virginta	.50	.50		.50	100000	100
Decatar	.06	.08	.05	.05	100	2,700
Durango		.09		.00	****	1,600
Eastern Oregon		.95		.05	****	200
Elko	.11	.15	.11	.14		15,200
Enterprise Con	.16	.17	.13	17	11,600	7.7.7
Fannie Barret	2,20	2,25	2,25	2,25	200	211
Harlem	1.25		1,20	1.25		604
Rorn Silver	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	****	130
Iron Silver	2,90	2.90	2.90		****	301
Lacrosse.	.13	.15	.13	.14	500	9.700
Little Pittaburg	.58	.58	.58	.58	2222	5
Oriental and Miller	14	.14	.14	.14	100	***
Red Elephant	.05	.06	.05	.06		644
Robinson Con	.86	.86	.86	.86		10,400
Sterra Grande	2,75	2.75	2.75	2.75	****	2,70
silver Chiff	311	.39	30	,39	100	455
Sonora Con	.50	.00	.50		- 2172	6,20
Souta Pacific	.07	.08	.07	0.8	1,500	1,20
Standard Con	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	2170	100
State Line, Nos 1 & 4	.03		.03	.03	100	
State Lane. Nos 2 & S	.06		.06		100	- 435
Satro Tunnel	.21	.21	.21	.21	+00	2,10
l'avior-Piumas	17	.17	.17		1,000	400
Union Con	4 80	4.80	4.05	4.65		58
Total sales for the da					16,100	57,06

CLOSING PRICES OF CALIFORNIA STOCK SAN FRANCISCO, Wednesday, March 14, 1883

Yesterday	To-day.	Yesterday, Fo-day			
Best and Belcher	as 27as as a	Potest   25 gas   2	1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE!)

DEADWOOD, Dak., March 14.-The Golden Summit mill, Pennington County, is working smoothly on ore averaging \$25 per ton, the total expense of mining and milling being less than \$2 50 per ton. Great interest centres in the Golden Summit mine, as much has been said of it within the last six as much has been said of it within the last six months. An open cut about 50 feet long exposes a 4-foot ore-body to a depth of about 25 feet, but whether it is a "true fissure" vein or simply a deposit of no great extent remains to be determined. It is believed, however, that the mistake of the Standby Company, which exceted \$150,000 works upon a worthless location has not been repeated.

The Florence silver mill, at Galena, has resumed work, upon a sufficient quantity of milling ore to make at least a 30-days run.

Placer mining has seen its best days in this neighborhood; still much gold will be taken from gravel for years to come. The principal companies inter-

Placer mining has seed its oest days in this lettaborhood; still much gold will be taken from gravel
for years to come. The principal companies interested in this branch are the Deadwood Hydraulic,
Nigger Hill, Sand Creek, Estrella del Norte, Rockerville Hydrau ic, Harney, Battle Creek, Castle Creek
and Fort Meade. All of these companies have spent
much money preparing for thorough work, and all
will resort to the bed-rock flume and ground-sluicing
process a most exclusively.

Custer County mica interests have proven of great
value and will attract much attention to the black
Hills hereafter. The mica of unsurpassed purity,
abounds in vast quantities in ledges of mammoth
proportions. Shipments last year were large and
frequent.

CALICO, Cal., March 14.—The Bonanza King Consolidated Mining Company shipped in the first ten days in March eighteen bars of bullion, valued at \$24,000.

Bullion valued at \$17,367 40 was received in this

Bullion valued at \$17,007 to the discrete gity yesterday from the mines.

Catedonia (B. H.) superintendent reports for week ending March 4: "Ore produced, 1,025 tons; shipped 600 ounces gold, value, \$10,000. The lower winze has atvanced 6 feet; total 35 feet, all in very good ore. The upper winze has advanced 15 feet; total, 56 teet, Connection will be made

GRAIN WEAK AND PROVISIONS STRONG.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.1

CHICAGO, March 14.—It was telegraphed to New-York last night by a firm with a branch in Wad-st. Grain will open lower Wednesday and probably Wheat and corn certainly did open touch bottom." lower to-day and apparently bottom was touched, for just before the close there was a sharp raily. After business was over the general feeling was stronger than it has been for many days. Both wheat and corn opened at the lowest figures of the day, the that have ruled for many weeks. The May option of the former grain started at \$1 10, and of the latter at 60% cents. From the moment of the opening, however, the movement of prices was up. The situation to-uight is pretty well illustrated by the fact that eorn and wheat opened in morning at figures lower than they have been in a month, but closed in the evening on the curb as high up as twenty-four hours ago. The principals and brokers, who were identified with the corn deal of last January and who are charged with contemplating an and who are charged with contemparing are other deal in May corn, are making vehement denials. Very little confidence is placed in them, however. Robert Lindblum, the principal broken of the crowd, for instance, said to-day to a large number of his acquaturances that while it was true a May deal had been contemplated it had finally been abandoned for fear that the corn would become heated. It was a fact, however, that he was a purchaser of not less than 1,000,000 bushels of May corn. The feeling just now is that wails the contemplated May corn deal may have been abandoned. The clique and latt. deragare conducting themselves just as if it was in process of forming. Oats closed at a exactly Tuesday night's figures. Frovisions were as strong to-day as grain was weak. Pork closed at an advance over lassing to 15-20 cents a barrel; short ribs of 5-210 cents, and lart of 5-210 cents a hundred pounds. The receipts were rather light: 286 cars of corn, 51 cars of wheat and 9,000 nogs. Of oats the receipts were, however, very heavy—120 cars. other deal in May corn, are making ve

## THE PETROLEUM MARKET.

NEW-YORK, March 14.

The only news from the oil regions to-day was that the new Sherman well was rendy to be opened whenever the owners desired to open it. Up to a late hour, however, no reports had been received of its entrance. Traders are showing some trepidation over tals well, but the chances still are that it will come in dry or with an insignificant production. The opportunity for speculative manipulation, however, is so good in the case of an impending oil well that there may be some delay before anthentic information, respecting the Sher-

The petroieum market to-day, while active, was a waiting one. With the " short " sales so largely covered, and the realizations of profits by the "bull" traders for small profits so well a tyanced, as was evidenced by the market yesterday, there was no active element to-day for an advance, except the action of the heavy opera-tors. That action was not taken, and so the tendessy of operators was to renew their "short" lines or to take profiteon "long" oil. The market was fairly active, but

the prices were irregular. In the early dealings the price ranged from 99c. down to 98 ac. In the afternoon there was a slow improvement to \$1 00½ but in the last hour the market was particularly erratic, dropping to 97 ac. but e ding at a raily to 98 ac. The close was too "mixed" to have much character.

The range of prices to-day was: N. Y. Pet. Nat. Pet. Mining Stor 99 99% 99% 99% 100½ 100 100% 97% 97% 97% 97% 98% 98% 98% 98% The reflued petroleum market was unchanged at 8 ac. per gallon.

STATE OF TRADE.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

BAITMORE! MARKETS.

RAITMORE! MARKETS.

RAITMORE! MARKETS.

RAITMORE! MARKETS.

RAITMORE! MARKETS.

STATE OF TRAINS. STATE AND ARKETS.

RAITMORE! MARKETS.

STATE OF STATE AND ARKETS.

RAITMORE! MARKETS.

RAITMORE! MARK

bush.: Oats, 159,000 bush.; Rye, 2,200 bush.; Bariey, 35,000 bush.

CINCENART, March 14.—Flour dull: Family, \$1,75,25,00 Fancy, \$5, 15,25,76, Wheat strong; \$0.2 Red Winter \$1,000 bush. \$1,125, March: \$1,25, March: \$1,2

inco: Common and Light \$6 00.85; 30: Packing and Butchers, \$6 90.85; 75. Receipts, 1,322 head; snipments, 285 head; Stomath March 14—Flour nrm and in good demand; Munesota Ato, Clear, \$10.8; Minnesota Ato, Clear, \$10.8; Minnesota Ato, Clear, \$10.8; Minnesota Patenta, Good, \$7 75. Cora Meas anominal, \$3 75. Wheat No. 2 Red March, \$1 18. Ryo—Entirely sommal. Corn—Sail Mixel, Dack and grain depot. 63c. Oaks, \$1 18. Ryo—Entirely sommal. Corn—Sail Mixel, Dack and grain depot. 63c. Oaks, \$1 20.00, \$1 18. Ryo—Entirely sommal. Corn—Sail Mixel, Dack and grain depot. 63c. Oaks, \$1 20.00, \$2 20.00, \$0.00, \$1 2

Family, \$4.00 \$84.80; Choice, \$5.15 \$85.25; Famey, \$5.30 \$87.00 \$84.80; Choice, \$5.15 \$85.25; Famey, \$5.30 \$87.00

Rye none: Barley, none

Tolkno, March 14.—At the noon board—Wheat weak; No. 2 Red Spot, \$1094, bid; \$1 114 March; \$1 11 April; \$1 134 May; \$1 155 June; \$1 104 July; all the year \$106 bid. Coru quiet: Righ Mixel, 605gc; No. 2 Spot and March Sec May 607gc, cats quiet; No. 2 spot, 44c May, 457gc. Oats quiet; No. 2 spot, 44c May, 457gc. Necepts—Wheat, 43,000 bush; Corn. 20,000 bush. Oats. 2,000 bush. Shipments—Wheat, 21,000 bush; Corn, 40,000 bush; Oats, 5,000 bush.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

New York, March 14 — BEEVES—Receipts were 236 carboads of 3,918 head—127 care at Jersey City and 1.09 cars at goth-st. Total for four days, 9,531 head, against 8,982 head for the corresponding time last week. Forty-say, cars of the doth-st. arriva's ware for Mr. Eastman, and 15 cars cam direct to city singhterers, leaving 48 cars for the market. Trade was duil fro a openiar to limish, but the yards were cleared that education from Monday's prices of a strong 4c per m. Mr. Eastman purchased 82 head of Fair to Extra steers at from \$5455 o about \$5750 pt 100 fb. Al-Jersey City duclusing the few are loads heid over from Monday, there were 1.3 cars on sale. With no demand from exporters and a duil Dresse i Breet trade in Washington Market at reduce i pitces, the similar to was decidedly gloomy for all parties, and the opening body from suggisterers were nearly to per 15 below the prices of the 100 fb more in the West, many drevers refused to observe, and up to 11 o'cleck am, only 35 carloads had changed hands. A few buyers who wished to get away bougat their Cattle and paid within 4c per 15 of Monday's figures, but sellers in many instances accepted a reduction of 5c per 15, and at 2 p. m. more than 90 carloads were in the yards unsold.

Sone Rough Oxen. Stags and Dry Cows sold at 48 802 \$5.5 per 100 fb; a car of Western Stockers at \$5.25, and a few thin Steers at 10210 be to dress 55 %56 fb; otherwise the ranne for very Common to Prime Ballocas was from 104c, or 124c, to dress 56 %56 fb. A few Chalce and Extra Steers were retailed at 132 134c, to dress 57 %56 fb; otherwise the ranne for very Common to Prime Ballocas was from 104c, or 124c, to dress 56 %56 fb. A few Chalce and Extra Steers were retailed at 1,500 fb, at 124c to the Lake Manitoba by Section 50 & 100 fb; a car-of Western Stockers at \$6.5 fb. at 124c; 12 do 1,400 fb. at 124c 27 Indiana do 1,125 fb, at 11c; 6 Termessee Oxen. 1,147 fb. at 414c, 56 fb; 19 do 1,148 fb. at 124c; 12 do 1,231 fb. at 12c; 30 do 1,336 fb, at 12c; 56 fb; 16 do 9 4c, 55 fb. H. Meyer for self: 78 Illinois Steers, 1,189 fb, at 12c, 56 fb; 19 do, 1,180 fb, at 11 4c; 19 do, 1,187 fb. at 11 4c; 38 do, 1,04 19 do. 1,180 B, at 11 bc; 19 do. 1,187 B, at 11 4c; 38 do. 1,047 B, at 11c.

J. F. Sadler & Co. on commission: 34 Illinois Steers, I.123 B, at 12 bc, 56 B; 34 do. 1,152 B, at 11 bc; 35 do. 1,192 B, at 11 bc;

M. Goldsmith for self: 2 Illinois Steers, 1,655 B, at 13 4c. 66 B; 33 do. 1,199 B, at 11 c, 65 B; 17 do. 1,235 B, at 11 c, less siper head; 13 do. 1,88 B, at 11 4c; 16 do. 1,245 B, at 11 bc; and \$1 pc head; 6d o. 1,115 B, at 11 4c; 25 Missouri do. 1,305 B, at 11 4c; and \$1 pc head; 26 do. 1,135 B, at 11 c, 25 Missouri do. 1,305 B, at 11 4c; and \$1 pc head; 26 do. 1,26 B, at 11 4c; 10 do. 976 B, at 10 4c, 56 B; 1 Buill, 1,500 B, at 12c, 56 B, at 10 4c, 56 B; 1 Buill, 1,500 B, at 12c, 56 B, and \$1 pc head; 33 do. 1,235 B, at 12c, 56 B, at 18 B, at 12c, 56 B, at 12c, 56 B, at 12c, 56 B, at 18 B, at 1

1. Schamberg & Co. for S. Lowenstein: 7 Missourd Steers, 1. 236 b, at 12c. 50 fb, and \$1 per head 33 do, 1.255 b, at 11c. 51 fb, at 12c. 50 fb, and \$1 per head 33 do, 1.255 b, at 11c. 51 fb, at 12c. 50 fb, and \$1 per head 33 do, 1.255 b, at 10c; 2 Bulls, b, at 11c, 50 fb, 10 Muchigan Oxen, 1.5c. 25 h, at 10c; 2 Bulls, b, at 11c, 50 fb, 10 Muchigan Oxen, 1.5c. 25 h, at 10c; 2 Bulls, 1. 10 fb, at 11c, 50 fb, 10 Muchigan Oxen, 1.5c. 25 h, at 10c; 2 Bulls, 1. 10 fb, at 11c, 50 fb, 10 Muchigan Oxen, 1.5c. 25 h, at 10c; 2 Bulls, 1. 10 fb, at 11c, 50 fb, 10 Muchigan Oxen, 1.5c. 25 h, at 10c; 2 Bulls, 1. 10 fb, at 11c, 50 fb, 10 Muchigan Oxen, 1.5c. 25 h, at 10c; 2 Bulls, 1. 10 fb, at 11c, 50 fb, 10 fb, at 11c, 40 db, 1.185 fb, at 12c, 60 fb, 14 do, 1.207 fb, at 11c, 40 db, 1.185 fb, at 12c, 60 fb, 14 do, 1.207 fb, at 15 fb, at 35 do, 1.40 fb, at \$5 do, 1.40 fb, at \$6 fb, 1.50 fb, at 10 fc, 60 fb, 1.50 fb, at 10 fc, 60 fb, at \$6 fb, 1.50 fb, at 10 fc, 60 fb, at \$6 fb, 1.50 fb, at 10 fc, 60 fb, at \$6 fb, 1.50 fb, at 10 fc, 60 fb, at \$6 fb, 1.50 fb, at 10 fc, 60 fb, at \$6 fb, 1.50 fb, at 10 fc, 60 fb, at 86 fb, 1.50 fb, at 10 fc, 60 fb, at 86 fb, 1.50 fb, at 86 fb, 1.50 fb, at 10 fc, 60 fb, at 86 fb, 1.50 fb, at 86 fb,

129 h. at 94-c; 7 do, 133 h. at 9c; 3 do, 113 h., at 74-c; and \$
do, 155 h., at 7c.

J. H. Hume sold: 2 Veals, 152 h., at 104-c; 1 do, 180 lb. at
94-c; and 3 do, 145 lb., at 94-c.

-HEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts were 32 cars of 5,801
head—19 cars at 60th st and 13 cars at Jersey City. Total for
our day, 15,168 head, against 20 560 head for the corresponding time last week. Seliers were disposed to hold the
slow a little firm, but trade was not brisk, and Washington
Market dealers complained that the prices were too high for
the dead meat market. The sales were at much the same figures as on Monday. Poor to Extra Sheep sod at 85 500
\$7.314, and Yearling Lambs at 7.48-b.c, for Ordinary to
Choice. Fourteen spring Lambs were sold at 87 per head.

Sales—Dillenbeck & Dewey sold: 156 Niate Sheep, 110 h,
at 87.34c; 159 do, 107 h, at 7.4c, 206 Western do, 88 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 62 State Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 62 State Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 62 State Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 62 State Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 62 State Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 94 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 95 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 95 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 96 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 96 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 96 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 96 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 96 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate Yearlings, 74 h, at
86.814c; 153 do, 96 h, at 6c4; 12 Btate

COTTON MARKETS—BY TELEGRAPH.

Livearoot, March 14.—12:30 a. m.—Cotton steady: Midding Colands, 5,5d Orieans, do. 511,5d. Saics, 12.000 bases, incuding 2,000 bases for ascentation and export. Recents, 7,400 bases, including 3.20 American, Futures—Folkates, Low bidoung clause. March and April cellwery, 545,6d. do. April and May delivery, 545,6d. do. May and June cellvery, 545,6d. do. Jury and August and September and June cellvery, 545,6d. do. Jury and August and September and October delivery, 546,6d. do. September and October delivery, 546,6d.; do. November and December delivery, 546,6d. Futures flat.

Livearoot, March 14.—1:30 p. m.—Cotton—Finance—Unlands Low shoding clause, May and June delivery, 346,6d.; do. July and August activery, 554,6d., als. 553,6d.; do. August and September allevery, 546,6d.; do. July and August activery, 554,6d., als. 553,6d.; do. August and September delivery, 556,6d. Futures closed barely steady. Charleston, March 4.—Cotton quiet. Midding, 10c. Low Middling, 956,6 Good Ordinary, 95e, net receipts, 1711 balies gross, 1711 balies; suces.—— bales; coastwise,—— bales; coastwise,—— bales; cook, 50,006 bales. Hallyshov, 94c.; Low Middling, 93-6c.; Low Middling, 93-6c.; Low Middling, 94c.; Low Ordinary, 85-6c.; net receipts, 2,067.

to France. — bales: coastwise, — bales: stock, 60,006 bales.

FALVESTON, March 14—Cotton st galy; Middling, 9ac.; Low Middling, 9 set Good Ordinary, 85c.; not need Epitalin, 10 pages 10,000 pages 10,0

EUROPEAN, MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, March 14.—Bacon, Cumberland Cut, 52:0.; Short Rib 53:0d. Pork, Prime Mess, 85:0d; do Western, 82:0.; Lard, Prime Western, 55:0d. Cheese, American Choice, 67:8d. Corn, 10:0/4d for Mixed oid Furpeating Spirits, 41:6d. Provisions—Lard, 58:0d. per cwit for American. Broadstains—Corn, 60:0d. for oid Mixed Western. Wheat, 97:d/60:1d per cental for Callifornia Gilbs, 39:d/60:0d for Red Winter.

The receibts of wheat for past three days were 270:000 centals, including 21:4.009 American.

London, March 14.—Spirits Furpeatine, 40:0d. Calcutta Linsced, 45:0d oer guater. Lanseed Ob. 22:2.05:62:22:10 per sil.

HAVRE, March 14.—Whicox's Lard closed at 70 tranes 00 centimes oer 30 kilos.

ANTWERM, March 14.—Petroleum, 19 francs 25 centimes for Fine Pale American bald and 19 francs 2: centimes sellers. Wilcox's Lard, 138:francs 0: centimes per 100 kilos.

BERMEN, March 14.—Wilcox's Lard closed at 7 marks 50 pleanings per 110 lbs. Potroleum, 7 marks 55 prennings.

MILWAUKEE, March 14.—Front quiet, Wheat dull, No. 2 Milwaukee Hard. \$1 15: do: Soft, cash, \$1 0.7a; March, \$1 0.1b. Soft, cash, \$1 0.7a; March, \$1 0.1b. Soft, cash, \$1 0.7a; March, \$1 0.1b. Soft, Soft, \$1 0.7a; March, \$1 0

REAL ESTATE.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, March 14, 1883. The following siles were held at the Exchange Salesroom to-day:

change Salesroom to-day:

By Richard V. Harnett & Co.

1 4 story brick building with lot. No 107 Front-st.
e.s. 42 2 ft n of Jones Lane. lot 21.1x71.10; Ed.
ward Rafter.

1 3-story brick house with lease of lot. No 46 East
9th-st. s. 325 ft w of Broadway, lot 25x93.11;
Li Higgslow.
Lease expires May 1. 1890; ground rent, \$600 per
annum, taxes and assessments.

1 2-story brick lotted and 2-story brick stable
with lot. 3x80; J. Heinfrank.
x 5.10x1.3x80; J. Heinfrank.
x 5.10x1.3x80; J. Heinfrank.
2 4.story orick tenements with lots, No 217 and
219 East 106th-st. ns. 226.6 ft. e of 3d.ave, each
lot. 19.4x100.11; John H. Deane.

By A. H. Muller & Son.

By A. H. Muller & Son. By A. H. Muller & Son.

1 3-story brick front house and frame stable with lot.
No 136 10th ave, es, no f 18th at, lot 22.3x100: F
Bohlman
1 3-story frame house and frame stable with plot of
lami, Nos 203 and 203 10th ave, n w cor of 22d-st,
plot of lami 43.3x100; Herts Bros
14-story brick house with lot, No 207 10th ave, w a
adjoining the above property; lot 12.4x100; C
Dayson Dartow.

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Dartow.

Dartow

1 5-story brick factory with lot, Nos 42 and 44 Mott st, e.s. 5: 3 ft eof Pell-st, 11t 50.8x25x50.0x25 George Lane

NEW-YORK CITY.

Monroe at, No 253; Henry Bischoff and wife to F J Monroe-st. No 22-3; Henry Blachoff and whete F J
H Steding
2d-ave, n e cor of 17tf-st. 84x22-8; C S B Fish and
Instrument of Lagra A Fellows.
20th-st. n s, 72-11; it wof 3d-ave, 27-1x75-8; W H
Browning and white to Jas isy
110th-st. n s, 102 it e of 3d-ave, 17x100.11xirrornlar;
witham H Jackson and white to Grace Church,
Harren.
4ctn-st. n s, 159 it w of Public Drive, 50x38-11;
Hirlight Comway and husband to J W Kay
125th-st, n s, tc s s 125th-st, 520 ft w of 3d-ave, 20x
102-104 Josephine Frankin and husband to G W
Banker

Stb-ave, s e cor of 52d-st, 29.5x80. H 8 Mott et al to loth ave, e.s. 21 ft. n of 50th at, 19.6:24; same to C F
Sente property. P. Lemane et al to same
Same property. P. Lemane et al to same
Same property. P. Lemane et al to same
Eggal
62d-st. n.s. 190 ft. e of 10th ave, 25x100.5; J. Bell
and wife to S. Dose.
Same property. Samuel Doke and wife to Margaret
Boylan and another.
3d-ave, n woor of to the same 150 ft. Curraman and wife to
J. D. Karst, B.
63 C. M. Greet to John O. Greet
64 C. M. Greet to John O. Greet
75.8 t. n. 15. ft. w of 25ch ave, 25x100.5; Elizabeth
hit lemorand and husband to J. S. Burtis.
13. st. st. s. 4 to ft. w o. 5th ave, 10x20111; Lewis A
Say re, receiver, to B. Hamburger
Same property, same, sa truckee, etc., to Bernard
hamburger
180thers. s. s. 305 ft. e of 8th ave, 30x10.1; H. H.

1.500

27,500

20,000